Challenge Problem 1 CPSC 489/689 Quantum Algorithms Andreas Klappenecker

The hidden subgroup problem can be informally stated as follows:

The Hidden Subgroup Problem: Let $f: G \to X$ be a black box function from a finite group G to a finite set X such that

f(x) = f(y) if and only if $y^{-1}x \in H$,

where H is some initially unknown subgroup of G. Your task is to find a generating set S of H.

Find an *efficient* quantum algorithm, which solves the Hidden subgroup problem for all finite groups G. Alternatively, show that such an algorithm cannot exist.

I offer a **Challenges in Quantum Computing Award**, worth US\$ 256, for the first correct solution to this problem.

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